



UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR
Malaysia France institute

FINAL EXAMINATION
JANUARY 2011 SESSION

SUBJECT CODE : FFD 36103
SUBJECT TITLE : CNC TURRET PUNCHING PROGRAMMING
LEVEL : DIPLOMA
TIME / DURATION : 3.30pm – 6.00pm
(2.5 HOURS)
DATE : 12 MAY 2011

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Please read the instructions given in the question paper CAREFULLY.
2. This question paper is printed on both sides of the paper.
3. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.
4. Answer should be written in blue or black ink except for sketching, graphic and illustration.
5. This question paper consists of TWO (2) sections. Section A and B. Answer all questions in Section A. For Section B, answer TWO (2) questions only.
6. Answer all questions in English.
7. G- Code table is appended.

THERE ARE 5 PAGES OF QUESTIONS AND 1 PAGE OF G-CODE TABLE EXCLUDING THIS PAGE.

SECTION A (Total: 50 marks)

**INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL questions.
Please use the answer booklet provided.**

Question 1

- (a) List out four general precaution when you determine the punching sequence in the Turret punching programming? (8 marks)
- (b) Why must the value of the punch and die clearance be check before running the machine? (4 marks)
- (c) List five types of special cutting tool in the *Turret Punching Machine* (5 marks)
- (d) Give two functions of the MDI mode in the Turret punching programming. (3 marks)

Question 2

- (a) Describe four safety devices that are equipped on Arcade 210 to protect the operation against operational hazards and the machine from damage. (8 marks)
- (b) Describe what happen when G50 in the G code programming was not included. (5 marks)
- (c) What is your understand for the meaning of *Dead Zone Area* in Turret punching programming. (4 marks)
- (d) G 72 refers to the.....in CNC programming. (3 marks)

Question 3

The required force to punch the worksheet must not exceed the force of machine Arcade 210.

The required punching force is obtained by the following formula:

$$P \text{ (ton)} = \frac{A \text{ (mm)} \times t \text{ (mm)} \times r \text{ (kg/mm)}}{1000}$$

Where P: Force required

A: Length of cut edge

t : Thickness of worksheet

r : Shearing strength of worksheet

With the information given:

- a) Determine the tonnage that is needed to punch holes with a diameter of 30 mm on a mild steel plate with a thickness of 6 mm and a shearing strength of 40 kg/mm. Show your calculations.

(5 marks)

- b) Determine the tonnage that is needed to punch a rectangular hole of the size of 20 mm x 20 mm on a stainless steel plate with a thickness of 3 mm and a shearing strength of 60 kg/mm. Show your calculations.

(5 marks)

SECTION B (Total: 50 marks)

INSTRUCTION: Answer 2 (two) questions only.
Please use the answer booklet provided

Question 1

Write a G-Code program for the drawing below.

The G –Code program that you write must follow the sequence number. You are given the following tools;

- a) Round tool dia.20 mm T18;
- b) Square tool 20 x 20 mm T19 ;
- c) Rectangle tool 30 x 3mm T5; (Auto-index)

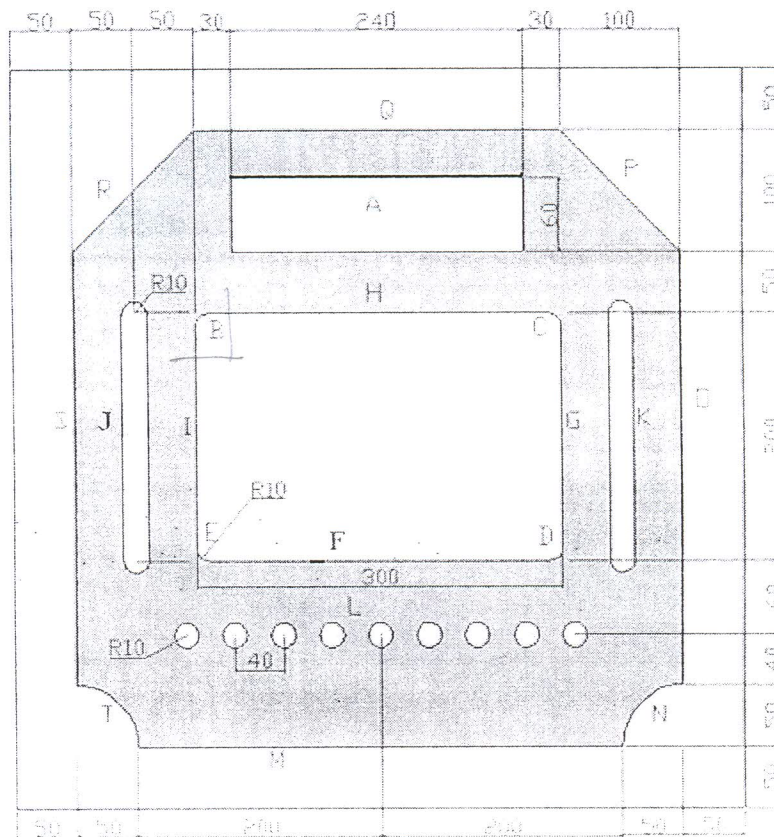


Figure 1: Cabinet bracket

(25 marks)

Question 2

Write a G-Code program for the diagram below.

The G-Code program that you write must follow the sequence number. You are given the following tools;

- a) Round tool diameter 20 mm T 18
- b) Square tool 10 x 10 mm T 12.
- c) Square tool 20 x 20 mm T 13.
- d) Rectangle tool 30 x 3mm T5; (Auto-index)

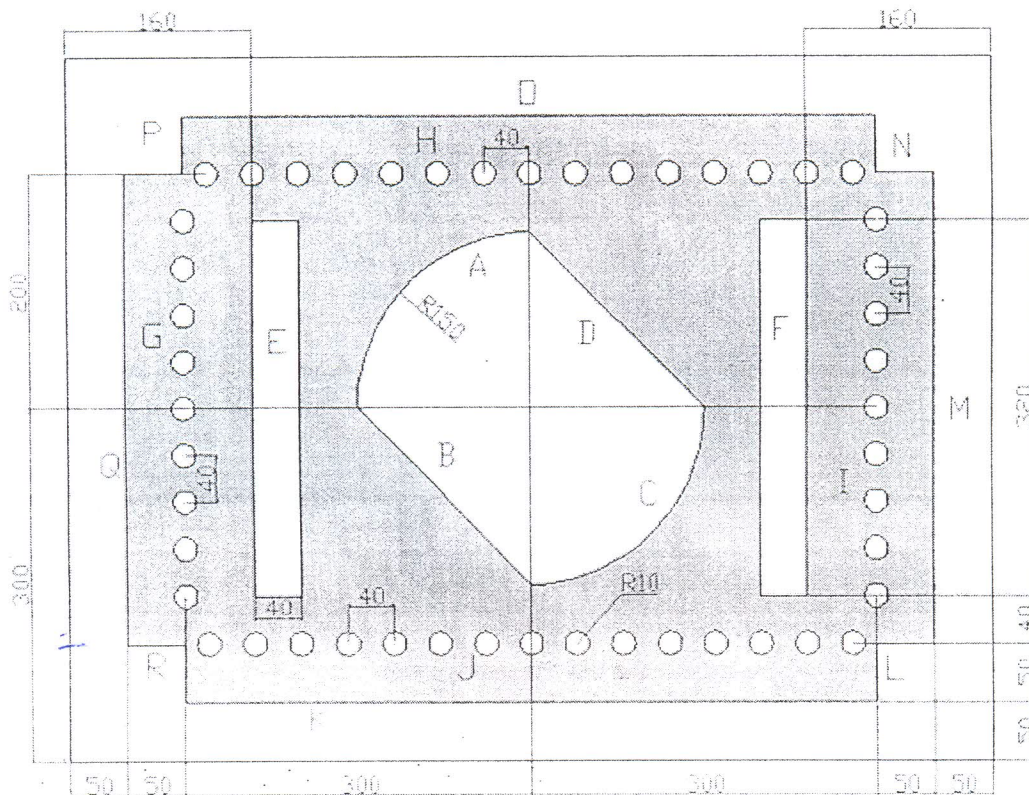


Figure 2: Base plate bracket

(25 marks)

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Question 3

Write a G-Code program for the diagram below.

The G-Code program that you write must follow the sequence number. You are given the following tools;

- a) Round tool diameter 20 mm T 18
- b) Square tool 10 x 10 mm T 12.
- c) Square tool 20 x 20 mm T 13.
- d) Rectangle tool 30 x 3mm T5; (Auto-index)

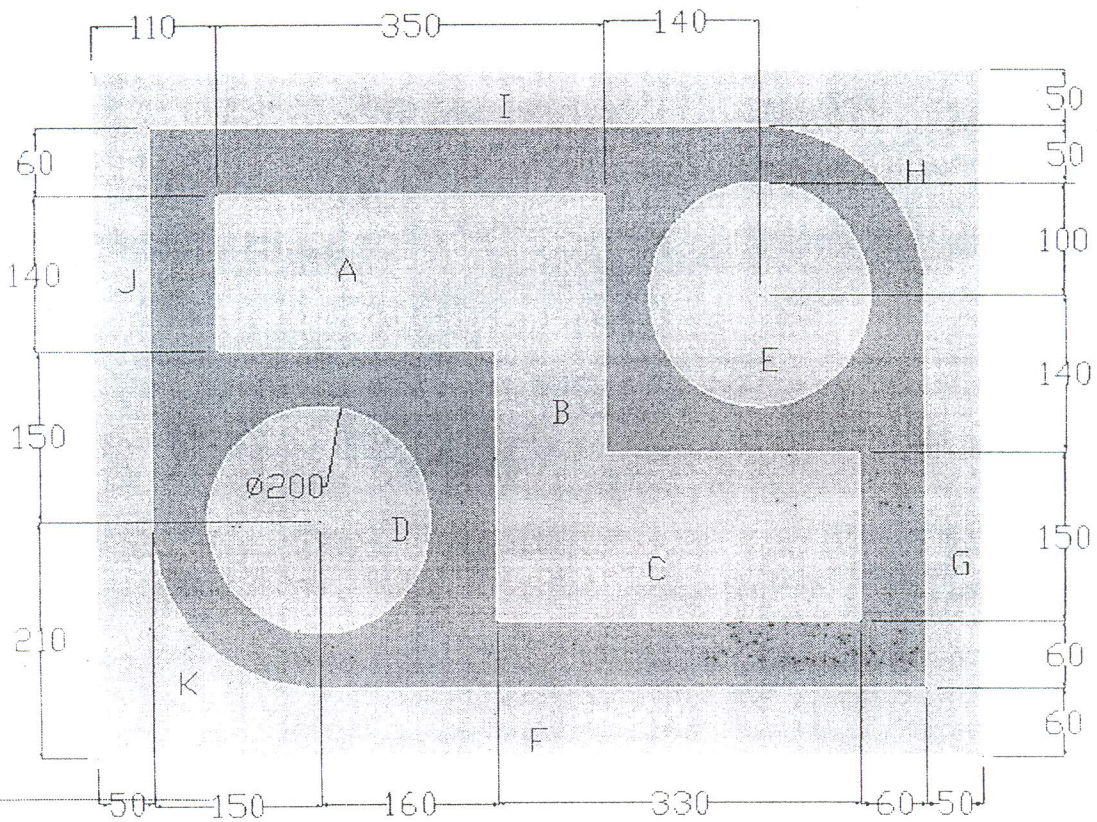


Figure 3: Base plate bracket

(25 marks)

END OF QUESTION

G 91
 Absolute Point
 X: Value
 Y: Value
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle

G 05
 End of Program
 And Return to Origin

G 70
 Multi-part
 X: Reference Value x
 Y: Reference Value y
 I: Pitch along x
 J: Pitch along y
 P: Qty. of Intervals in x
 K: Qty. of Intervals in y

G 77
 Macro Rotation
 X: Reference x
 Y: Reference y
 J: Rotation Angle
 W: Macro Number (u,v)

G 68
 Nibbling Arc
 Thickness < 3.2mm
 I: Radius
 J: Initial Angle +
 K: Nibbling Angle
 P: Position +
 Q: Pitch (step)



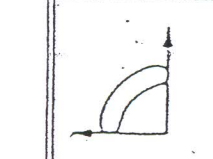
G 92
 Begin of Program
 X: Machine Size
 Y: Machine Size

G 06
 Clamp Position
 I = X 1st. Clamp
 J = X 2nd. Clamp
 K

G 25
 Repositioning
 X: Reposition Value (1st. one)
 Y: Reposition Value (2nd. one and following)

G 26
 Holes on Circle
 I: Radius +
 J: Initial Angle +
 K: Qty. of holes
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle

G 69
 Nibbling Line
 Thickness < 3.2mm
 I: Nibbling Length +
 J: Angle +
 P: Tool Diameter +
 Q: Pitch (step) +
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle



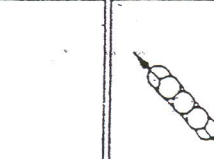
G 93
 Offset Value
 X: Value
 Y: Value

G 75
 Multi-part Recut
 W: Macro Number (u,v)
 Q: Starting Corner
 O1: Lower Left
 O2: Lower Right
 O3: Upper Left
 O4: Upper Right

G 27
 Repositioning
 X: Reposition Value (2nd. one and following)

G 28
 Holes on Line
 I: Distance between holes
 J: Angle +
 K: Qty. of spaces
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle

G 79
 Nibbling Line
 Thickness > 3.2mm
 Same as G 68



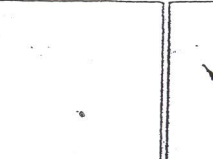
G 92
 Pattern Origin
 X: Value
 Y: Value

G 76
 Multi-part Recut
 W

G 29
 Holes on Arc
 I: Radius
 J: Initial Angle +
 P: Incremental Angle +
 K: Qty. of Holes
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle

G 66
 Shear Proof
 (Nibbling a Rectangle)
 I: Cut Length
 J: Angle (+, -)
 K: Cut Width
 P: Tool Length +
 Q: Tool Width +
 D: Macro Join +
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle

G 78
 Nibbling Arc
 Thickness > 3.2mm
 Same as G 68



G 72

G 76
 Multi-part Recut
 W

G 29
 Holes on Arc
 I: Radius
 J: Initial Angle +
 P: Incremental Angle +
 K: Qty. of Holes
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle

G 67
 Square Cut
 I: X Length +
 J: Y Length +
 K: Tool Width +
 T: Tool Number
 C: Tool Angle

G 79
 Nibbling Line
 Thickness > 3.2mm
 Same as G 78

