



**UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR
Malaysia France Institute**

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEPTEMBER 2014 SESSION**

SUBJECT CODE : MPU2323
SUBJECT TITLE : RELIGIOUS PRACTICE IN MALAYSIA
LEVEL : DIPLOMA
**TIME / DURATION : 9.00 AM – 11.00 AM
(2 HOURS)**
DATE : 8 JANUARY 2015

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Please read the instructions given in the question paper CAREFULLY.**
 - 2. This question paper is printed on both sides of the paper.**
 - 3. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.**
 - 4. Answer should be written in blue or black ink except for sketching, graphic and illustration.**
 - 5. This question paper consists of THREE (3) sections. Section A, B and C. Answer all questions in Section A and B. For Section C, answer two (2) questions only.**
 - 6. Answer all questions in Bahasa Melayu.**
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THERE ARE 7 PAGES OF QUESTIONS, EXCLUDING THIS PAGE.

SECTION A (Total: 30 marks)**DIRECTION: Answer all questions.****Please use the answer book given.**

1. In the first addition of "The Origin of Species" in 1859 Charles Darwin speculated that the land mammal that could possibly turn to marine creature through the process of Natural Selection was the _____.
A. cow. C. North American black bear.
B. hippopotamuses. D. elephants.

2. The most noble contribution of Charles Darwin in modern science was his theory of _____.
A. micro evolution. C. mutation.
B. macro evolution. D. natural selection.

3. According to Darwin's Theory of Evolution, changes cause in living things occurred because _____.
A. they cross breed.
B. they change in their eating habits.
C. they had to adapt to new environment and had to change in order to survive.
D. there were no changes in living things at all but only that scarcely populated species multiplied in numbers as the world experienced climate and environmental changes.

4. "The animal world then widens, its species become numerous, and, in a gradual process of creation, it finally leads to man, who is able to think and reflect."
This statement was found in the book entitled "The Muqadimmah" written in 1377.
This statement reflect the Theory of Evoulution was made by _____.
A. Charles Darwin. C. Ibn Rushd.
B. Ibn Khaldun. D. William Draper.

5. Which of the following muslim scholars in the 9th centuries had written about the existence of living things based on similar line with the theory of evolution?
A. Ibn Battuta C. Avicenna (Ibn Sina)
B. Ibn Khaldun D. Al-Jahiz

12. Which of the following religion is not amongst the monotheistic religion?
- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| A. Confucianism | C. Christian |
| B. Islam | D. Sikhism |
13. According to Christian tradition, monotheism was actually _____.
- | |
|--|
| A. the most proper religion for mankind. |
| B. the original religion of mankind. |
| C. the most civilised religion. |
| D. the modern religion. |
14. The history of religion refers to _____.
- | |
|--|
| A. the religious believes of the past. |
| B. the written records on religious experiences and ideas. |
| C. the earliest religion ever exist on earth. |
| D. the religion of Adam. |
15. Organised religions started during the _____.
- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| A. Neolithic age. | C. Bronze age. |
| B. stone age. | D. Iron age. |
16. Which of the following is considered as new religion?
- | | |
|------------------|-------------|
| A. Islam. | C. Judism. |
| B. Christianity. | D. Sikhism. |
17. "Brahma" in Hinduism concerns _____ of the religion.
- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| A. way of life | C. ethical principles |
| B. relationship behaviour | D. way of worship |
18. The Hindu followers believe that
- | |
|--|
| A. human beings will continue to go through reincarnation until all of their karma had settled and accepts the existence of god. |
| B. human being will go through reincarnation twice before his or her fate will be decided by god. |
| C. human being will go through reincarnation forever for each life when one goes through he or she will have new karma. |
| D. human beings will straight go to god after being punished. |

19. The concept of "Bharma" means _____.
- A. justice, goodness and cleanliness.
 - B. righteousness, holiness and wisdom.
 - C. holiness, cleanliness and wisdom.
 - D. justice, goodness and wisdom.
20. Buddha got his enlightenment after meditating for _____ under the _____.
- A. 100 days -- a cliff in the Himalayan mountains.
 - B. 77 days -- bow tree.
 - C. 49 days -- the bow tree.
 - D. 7 months -- a palm tree.
21. The word "Buddha" means _____.
- A. the wise person.
 - B. the enlightenment
 - C. the perfectionist
 - D. the trustworthy.
22. Which of the following was not about the truth that was discovered by Buddha?
- A. Life is full of dissatisfaction which lead to suffering.
 - B. There were cause for sufferings.
 - C. The right way to overcome sufferings will be through the Eightfold path.
 - D. There is no end to sufferings.
23. The 3 images of god believe by Christians are _____.
- A. Jesus, god father and mother Marry.
 - B. god father, holy spirit and holy son.
 - C. holy father, holy ghost and holy son.
 - D. god father, holy ghost and holy Jesus.
24. The 10 Commandments were found in the _____.
- A. New Testament
 - B. New Scriptures.
 - C. Old Testament.
 - D. Old Scriptures.

25. The Christians belief that the existence of the holy spirit in oneself will help him or her to _____.
- A. avoid sin.
 - B. remind oneself to do justice.
 - C. remind oneself to be good and avoid bad doings.
 - D. always remember Jesus.
26. Sikhism was founded by Guru Nanak I and later followed by 10 other Sikh teachers who then wrote their teachings in the Sikh holy book known as _____.
- A. Bible.
 - B. Rig Veda.
 - C. The Holy Book of Sikhism.
 - D. Guru Granth Sahib Ji.
27. The Sikh followers believe that life on earth has _____.
- A. has its beginning and end.
 - B. has no beginning but will end one day.
 - C. has no beginning and no end and no boundaries.
 - D. had it's beginning but will never end.
28. The word "Sikh" means _____.
- A. learned or follower.
 - B. righteous or holy.
 - C. the believer.
 - D. the faithful follower.
29. The 2 ethical branches of Islam are _____.
- A. mahmudah and mazmumah.
 - B. makruf and mungkar.
 - C. good faith and bad faith.
 - D. pahala and dosa.
30. Which of the following statement best describe the freedom of religion in Malaysia.
- I. All citizens are free to practice their religion.
 - II. All religion are allowed to spread their religion to other people in Malaysia.
 - III. No other religion can preach their religion to the muslim population in Malaysia.
 - IV. Anyone can be converted to Islam.
- A. I and II.
 - B. I and III.
 - C. II and IV.
 - D. I, III and IV.

SECTION B (Total: 30 marks)

DIRECTION: Answer all questions.
Please use the answer book given.

Question 1

List out the **ten (10)** Commandments sets out in the Christian religion.

(10 marks)

Question 2

There are eight (8) fold path in Buddhism. List out **five (5)** of them.

(5 marks)

Question 3

The Sikh followers are required to possess the five (5) symbols that begin with the letter K. Name these **five (5)** symbols.

(5 marks)

Question 4:

There are two (2) ethical branches in Islam that is mahmudah and mazmumah. Give **five (5)** examples of mahmudah and **five (5)** examples of mazmumah.

(10 marks)

SECTION C (Total: 40 marks)

DIRECTION: Answer two questions only.

Answers must be in essay form.

Please use the answer book given

Question 1

Discuss on the Theory of Evolution and briefly describe how Natural Selection bring about changes in living things.

(20 marks)

Question 2

In the Malaysian Federal Constitution Islam is regarded as the official religion of the country. Discuss the status of Islam as the federal religion.

(20 marks)

Question 3

Buddhism discusses much on human sufferings. Discuss how mankind endure these suffering and how can they overcome these sufferings.

(20 marks)

Question 4

Discuss briefly the beginning of the Sikh religion and how Guru Nanak I brought about the new religion in India.

(20 marks)

END OF QUESTION PAPER