



**UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR
Malaysia France Institute**

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEPTEMBER 2014 SESSION**

SUBJECT CODE : FEB24083
SUBJECT TITLE : ELECTRICAL MACHINES
LEVEL : BACHELOR
**TIME / DURATION : 3.00 PM – 5.30 PM
(2.5 HOURS)**
DATE : 2 JANUARY 2015

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Please read the instructions given in the question paper CAREFULLY.**
 - 2. This question paper is printed on both sides of the paper.**
 - 3. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.**
 - 4. Answer should be written in blue or black ink except for sketching, graphic and illustration.**
 - 5. Answer four (4) questions only.**
 - 6. Answer all questions in English.**
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THERE ARE 5 PAGES OF QUESTIONS, EXCLUDING THIS PAGE.

INSTRUCTION: Answer FOUR questions only.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

Question 1

- a.) Describe a method for obtaining a no-load saturation (open circuit characteristic) curve for separately excited d.c generator.

(8 marks)

- b.) The Open Circuit Characteristic (O.C.C) of d.c generator running at 800 r.p.m is as follows :

Field current, I_f (A)	:	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5
Generated voltage, E_g (V):		60	120	140	150	156	158.7	160

If the machine is run as a shunt generator at speed of 1200 rpm, and its field resistance is adjusted at 90Ω , determine :

(17 marks)

- i.) The open circuit voltage.
- ii.) The value of external field circuit resistance if the generator is to build up 200 V when its field coils are grouped in series with field resistance.
- iii.) Without additional resistance, calculate load current supplied by the generator when its terminal voltage is 180 V. take armature resistance = 0.5Ω .

Question 2

- a.) What is the mode of excitation? If iron loss in d.c motor increases with increasing load.
- (5 marks)
- b.) A 240 V d.c shunt motor with constant field drives a load whose torque is proportional to the speed. When running at 1000 rpm it takes 35 A armature current. Find the speed at which it will run if a 20 Ω resistance is connected in series with its armature circuit. The resistance of armature is 0.8 Ω .
- (10 marks)
- c.) A 240 V d.c shunt motor has an armature circuit resistance of 0.5 Ω and field resistance of 200 Ω . This motor drives a constant torque load and takes an armature current of 25 A at 1000 rpm. If motor speed is to be raised from 1000 to 1800 rpm, find the resistance that must be inserted in the field circuit.
- (10 marks)

Question 3

a.) What are the two components that contribute to the copper losses in transformer ?
(4 marks)

b.) What useful information is obtained from open circuit test ?
(3 marks)

c.) A 4kVA, 400/200 V, 50 Hz single phase transformer has the following test data :

O.C. Test (L.V. Side) :	200 V	1A	64 W
S.C. Test (H.V. Side) :	15 V	10A	80 W

(18 marks)

Determine :

- i.) Equivalent circuit referred to L.V side .
- ii.) Secondary load voltage on full load at 0.8 lagging power factor.

Question 4

a.) Derive an expression for the torque of an induction motor .
(8 marks)

b.) A 3 phase, star-connected, 415 V (line to line), 50 Hz, 4-pole induction motor has the following constants in ohm per phase referred to stator.
(17 marks)

$$R_1 = 0.29 \Omega$$

$$R_2 = 0.14 \Omega$$

$$jX_1 = j 0.5 \Omega$$

$$jX_2 = j 0.21 \Omega$$

$$jX_m = j 13.25 \Omega$$

The total friction, windage and core loss may be assumed to be constant at 600 W.
For a slip of 2%, calculate :

- i.) Rotor speed.
- ii.) Stator current.
- iii.) Output power.

Question 5

- a.) List two applications and disadvantages of single phase induction motor.
(8 marks)
- b.) The following tests result were obtained in case of 220 V single phase induction motor.
(17 marks)

No load test	:	220 V	5.8 A	310 W
Locked rotor test	:	120 V	13.8 A	530 W

Stator winding resistance = 1.4Ω

At slip, $s = 0.05$, determine :

- i.) Motor parameters and approximate equivalent circuit .
- ii.) Input current

END OF QUESTION