# UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR <br> Malaysia France Institute 

## FINAL EXAMINATION

## JANUARY 2014 SESSION

| SUBJECT CODE | $:$ FAD 20403 |
| :--- | :--- |
| SUBJECT TITLE | $:$ PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER |
| LEVEL | $:$ DIPLOMA |
| TIME / DURATION | $:$ |
| DATE | $:$ |

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Please read the instructions given in the question paper CAREFULLY.
2. This question paper is printed on both sides of the paper.
3. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.
4. Answer should be written in blue or black ink except for sketching, graphic and illustration.
5. This question paper consists of TWO (2) sections. Section A and B. Answer all questions in Section A. For Section B, answer two (2) questions only.
6. Answer all questions in English.

THERE ARE 12 PAGES OF QUESTIONS AND 4 PAGES OF APPENDIXES, EXCLUDING THIS PAGE.

## SECTION A (Total: 60 marks)

## INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL questions.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

## Question 1

(a) State three(3) advantages of using PLC in industrial sector.
(b) Determine five (5) standard PLC programming languages.
(c) Explain the procedure to Edit On Line the program.
(d) Draw the PLC input wiring for all the input devices shown in ladder diagram figure 1. Limit switch is Normally Close (NC) in physical.


Figure 1: Ladder diagram

## Question 2

(a) Convert the ladder diagram in Figure $\mathbf{2}$ below to Instruction list
(b) Define the Set Value for Counter in Ladder diagram Figure 2


Figure 2 : Ladder diagram
(c) Draw the ladder diagram based on the instruction list in Table 1.

Table 1 : Instruction list

| STEP | INSTRUCTIONS | OPERANDS/ADDRESS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00000 | LD | 00001 |
| 00001 | AND | 00002 |
| 00002 | AND NOT | 01601 |
| 00003 | FUN SET | 01600 |
| 00004 | LD NOT | 00003 |
| 00005 | OR NOT | 00004 |
| 00006 | OR NOT | 00005 |
| 00007 | FUN RESET | 01600 |
| 00008 | LD | 00006 |
| 00009 | AND NOT | 01600 |
| 00010 | FUN SET | 01601 |
| 00011 | LD NOT | 00003 |
| 00012 | OR NOT | 00005 |
| 00013 | FUN RESET | 01601 |
| 00014 | LD | 01600 |
| 00015 | OR | 01601 |
| 00016 | TIM | 00 |
|  |  | $\# 100$ |
| 00017 | LD NOT | TIM 00 |
| 00018 | OUT | 10001 |
| 00019 | OUT | 10002 |
| 00020 | OUT | 10003 |
| 00021 | END | - |

## Question 3

(a) Figure 3 shows a ladder diagram with Shift Register Function. Answer all the following questions.


Figure 3 :Ladder diagram.

## Based on Figure 3,

i. State the Input address of Shift register.
ii. State the Input address that gives Pulse to Shift Register.
iii. Define the Reset of Shift Register
iv. Starting Word(ST) and Ending word (E) of Shift Register
(b) Answer all the questions below

- When the push button 1 (00005) is pressed then released, internal bit 01700 will ON. It will stop when we press the stop button (00010)
- When Internal bit 01700 is equal to ` 1 ’, it will calculate the value $\mathbf{9 9 9 9}_{\mathrm{BCD}}+\mathbf{1 1 9}_{\mathrm{BCD}}$ and store the result in word 019 . The indicator lamp 10004 will ON when there is a carry in this operation, but if there is no carry, the output 10004 is OFF.
- The value in word 019 will always MOVE to address DM00
- When the internal bit 01700 is equal to 1 , Move $\mathbf{1 5 0}_{\text {BCD }}$ to DM01.
- The program will always compare the value between DM00 and DM01. The result of comparison must respect all the condition below.

Table 2 : Results

| Data | $\mathbf{1 0 0 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 1 4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DM00 > DM01 | ON | OFF | OFF |
| DM00 = DM01 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| DM00 < DM01 | OFF | OFF | ON |

(a) Design the ladder diagram according to following explanation.
(b) List which output will ON when push button is pressed.
(c) State the value in DM 00

## Question 4

An input module in Figure 4 which is connected to a Pressure transducer, has an A/D with a 10-bit resolution. The Pressure transducer receives a valid signal from the process from 50 to 100 psi , The analog input module accepts a $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ unipolar signal.


Figure 4: Transformation of an analog signal into a binary or $B C D$ value

Answer all the question based on Figure 4.
(a) Tabulate the relationship between Pressure, input current in mA and counts where the current is increase every 2 A .
(b) Find the equivalent current change for each count change. (3 marks)
(c) Find the equivalent current change for each pressure change
(d) Draw a curve of Pressure (Pascal) versus Output transducer (Current) where the equation of the curve is $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{mX}+\mathrm{C}$. Find the value of m and C .

## SECTION B (Total: 40 marks)

INSTRUCTION: Answer TWO (2) questions only.
Please use the answer booklet provided.

## Question 5

## Counting System



Figure 5: A photoelectric counting sweets
In Figure 5, a photoelectric sensor is installed in the middle of the conveyor. This sensor will calculate the amount of bottles passing through the conveyor. Previous an instruction called COUNTER (CNT) is used in the ladder program. For upgrading purposes, the counter needs to be replacing with an arithmetic instruction. The old program is as in Figure 6 below.


Figure 6: Ladder Diagram of the system using Counter
(a) Convert the ladder diagram in Figure 6 to Instruction List
(b) Define the Input and Output list of the system.
(c) Draw the Input and Output wiring of the system
(d) Redraw new ladder diagram of the system using Arithmetic Instructions (Additional, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Compare, Move, etc)
(10 marks)

## Question 6

## Maintaining tank water level



Figure 7: Single loop tank water level system

A water level system of a tank consists of:

- Pressure sensor (PV) to measure the level of the water in the tank. This sensor operates at $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ range giving a variation of $0 \%$ to $100 \%$ of water level in the tank.
- Two discrete valves, $Q_{E}$ at the inlet and $Q_{S}$ at the outlet.
- An Omron PLC CQM1H CPU51 with the Analog Input/Output card MAB42. (refer appendix $1,2,3,4$ )

Operations:

- The Set Point (SP) of the level will be given by the operator in the range of $20 \%$ to $80 \%$ of the water level.
- During the operation:
- If the value of $P V$ is less than $S P$, the Outlet valve $Q_{S}$ will close and the inlet valve $Q_{E}$ will open.
- If the value of PV is greater than or equal with SP, the outlet valve will open and the inlet valve will close.
- The inlet valve QE and outlet valve QS may also be controlled manually.
(a) The pressure sensor is connected to the analog input channel 1, state the address of the PLC register associated.
(2 marks)
(b) Complete the Table 3 below. (You have to redraw the complete table in your answer booklet)

Table 3: Data Conversion table

| Water level (\%) | Output Transducer (mA) | 12 bits data convertered <br> (decimal) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 |  |
| 20 |  |  |
| 40 |  |  |
| 60 |  |  |
| 80 | 20 |  |
| 100 |  |  |

(c) Draw a curve water level (\%) versus Output transducer ( mA ) where the equation of the curve is $Y=m X+C$. Find the value of $m$ and $C$.
(d) Design the ladder where the value read from the analog input channel 1 is compared to the value $0 \mathrm{E} 65_{\text {Hex. If }}$ Ithe read value is greater than $0 \mathrm{E} 65_{\text {Hex }}$ then output 10001 will energize. If the read value is less than or equal to 0 E65 HEx then output 10002 will energize.
(e) The Output (10001 and 10002) will ON when the water is reached in certain level. Calculate the percentage of water level when the two outputs is ON

## Question 7

## Automatic Carrier



Figure 8 : Automatic Carrier

The wagon is moved by the forward/reverse motor. The initial position of the wagon is the left position indicated by the limit switch LS1 (NC). When the start push button is pressed (then release), the wagon will move to the right until it touches the right limit switch LS2 (NC), After 10 Second, the wagon will moves to the left. Once it touches LS1; the wagon will stop. The stop button stops the motor regardless of which direction it is turning. The movement forward/reverse will be limited to 5 times only. The operator needs to press a reset button before the operation can resume. Ladder diagram for the system is shown in Figure 9.

Answer all the Questions below
(a) Convert the ladder diagram in Figure 9 to Instruction List.
(b) Redraw the Ladder diagram and replace the Self Holding Contact to SET

## RESET.

(c) Determine the address of the reset button.
(d) Determine the Set value of the Counter and Timer .
(2 Marks)
(e) Draw the PLC Input Wiring .
(4 marks)
(f) Draw The PLC Output Wiring


Figure 9: Ladder Diagram

## APPENDIX 1

## 2-5 Analog I/O Board

## 2-5-1 Model

| Name | Model | Specifications |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Analog I/O Board | CQM1H-MAB42 | 4 analog inputs ( -10 to $+10 \mathrm{~V} ; 0$ to 5 |
|  |  | $\mathrm{~V} ; 0$ to 20 mA ; separate signal range |
| for each point) |  |  |
|  |  | 2 analog outputs $(-10$ to $+10 \mathrm{~V} ; 0$ to |
|  |  | 20 mA ; separate signal range for |
|  |  | each point) |

## 2-5-2 Function

The Analog I/O Board is an Inner Board featuring four analog inputs and two analog outputs.
The signal ranges that can be used for each of the four analog input points are -10 to $+10 \mathrm{~V}, 0$ to 5 V , and 0 to 20 mA . A separate range is set for each point. The settings in DM 6611 determine the signal ranges.
The signal ranges that can be used for each of the two analog output points are -10 to +10 V and 0 to 20 mA . A separate signal range can be selected for each point. The settings in DM 6611 determine the signal range.

## 2-5-3 System Configuration



## APPENDIX 2

Analog I/O Board
Section
8-5
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Analog Output } & \text { The output signal connections to CN2 depend on whether the output signals are } \\ \text { Connections } & \text { voltage outputs or current outputs. The following diagrams show the correct wir- }\end{array}$ ing in each case.


## 8-5-8 Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
| Name | Analog 1/O Board |
| Model number | COM1H-MAB42 |
| Applicable CPU Unit | CQM1H-CPU51/61 |
| Unit classification | CQM1H-series Inner Board |
| Mounting locations and number of Boards | 1 Board in Inner Board slot 2 (right slot) |
| Analog inputs | 4 inputs (Refer to Analog Inputs below for a details.) |
| Analog outputs | 2 outputs (Refer to Analog Outputs below for a deta's.) |
| Isolation method | Between inputs and PC: Photocoupler isolation Between inputs: No isolation |
| Settings | None |
| Indicators | 2 LED indicators on front panel: Ready (RDY) and Error (ERR) |
| Front connection section | Connectors CN1 and CN2 (Compatible connector: Sockets \& connectors provided as standard accessories.) |
| Current consumption (Supplied from Power Supply Unit) | 5 V DC 400 mA max . |
| Dimensions | $25 \times 110 \times 107 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W} \times \mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D})$ |
| Weight | 100 g max. |
| Standard accessories | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Sockets: XM2D-1501 (OMRON) } \times 2 \\ \text { Hoods: XM2S-1511 (OMRON) } 22 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

## APPENDIX 3

Analog I/O Board
Section 2-5

Relevant Bits
Bits Used by Inner Board in Slot 2

| Word | Bits | Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IR 232 | 00 to 15 | Analog input 1 converted value | The converted value from each input from the Analog I/O Board is stored as a 4-digit Hex each cycle.$\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} -10 \text { to }+10 \mathrm{~V}: & \mathrm{F} 800 \text { to } 07 \mathrm{FFF} \text { Hex } \\ 0 \text { to } 10 \mathrm{~V}: & 0000 \text { to OFFF Hex } \\ 0 \text { to } 5 \mathrm{~V} / 0 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{~mA}: & 0000 \text { to OFFF Hex } \end{array}\right.$ |
| IR 233 | 00 to 15 | Analog input 2 converted value |  |
| IR 234 | 00 to 15 | Analog input 3 converted value |  |
| IR 235 | 00 to 15 | Analog input 4 converted value |  |
| IR 236 | 00 to 15 | Analog output 1 setting | The setting of each output from the Analog I/O Board is stored as a 4 -digit Hex. (Read each cycle.) <br> -10 to +10 V: F800 to 07FF Hex <br> 0 to 20 mA : 0000 to 07 FF Hex |
| \|R 237 | 00 to 15 | Analog output 2 setting |  |

SR Area Flags

| Word | Bit |  | Function |
| ---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| SR 254 | 15 | Inner Board Error Flag |  |

AR Area Flags

| Word | Bits | Function |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| AR 04 | 08 to 15 | Error codes for Inner <br> Board in slot 2 | 001 Hex: Normal <br> 011 or 02 Hex: Hardware error <br> 03 Hex: PC Setup error <br> $04 ~ H e x: ~ A D D ~ o r ~ D / A ~ c o n v e r s i o n ~ e m o r ~$ |

Relevant PC Setup Settings

| Word | Bits | Function |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DM 6611 | 00 to 07 | 00, 01: Analog input 1 input signal range 02, 03: Analog input 2 input signal range 04, 05: Analog input 3 input signal range 06, 07: Analog input 4 input signal range | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 00: }-10 \text { to }+10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 01: 0 \text { to } 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 10: 0 \text { to } 5 \mathrm{~V} / 0 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 11: \text { Not used. } \\ & \text { (0 to } 20 \mathrm{~mA} \text { are distinguished by the con- } \\ & \text { nected terminal.) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 08 | Analog input 1 usage selection | Specifies use or non-use of A/D conversion for each port. <br> 0: Use input (conversion) <br> 1: Do not use input (no conversion) |
|  | 09 | Analog input 2 usage selection |  |
|  | 10 | Analog input 3 usage selection |  |
|  | 11 | Analog input 4 usage selection |  |
|  | 12 to 15 | Not used. (Fixed at 0.) |  |

Note The level of the analog output signal is determined by the connected terminal, and there is no PC Setup setting. These settings are reflected in status at power ON.

## APPENDIX 4

## 2-5-6 Specifications

Analog Inputs: Input Data and Converted Values



Analog Outputs: Settings and Output Data



[^0]The Board uses no special instructions. $\operatorname{MOV}(21)$ is used to read analog input values and set analog output values.


[^0]:    Applications Examples

