



**UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR
Malaysia France Institute**

**FINAL EXAMINATION
JANUARY 2014 SESSION**

SUBJECT CODE : FCD 20203
SUBJECT TITLE : COOLING LOAD
LEVEL : DIPLOMA
TIME / DURATION : 9.00 am - 12.00 noon
(3 HOURS)
DATE : 01 JUN 2014

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Please read the instructions given in the question paper **CAREFULLY**.
 2. This question paper is printed on both sides of the paper.
 3. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.
 4. Answer should be written in blue or black ink except for sketching, graphic and illustration.
 5. This question paper consists of **TWO (2) sections, Section A and B. Answer all questions in Section A. For Section B, answer two (2) questions only.**
 6. Answer all questions in English.
 7. Formula is appended.
 8. Cooling Load Documentation is provided.
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THERE ARE 7 PAGES OF QUESTIONS, EXCLUDING THIS PAGE.

SECTION A (Total: 60 marks)

INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL questions.
Please use the answer booklet provided.

Question 1

Figure Q1: Floor Plan

- (a) Referring Figure Q1, employing the Cooling Load Check Figure, calculate the capacity of unit to be installed at Family Hall.
 (10 marks)
- (b) By using the answer in question 1(a) and the attached catalogue at Appendix 1, select the suitable unit to be installed at that area. Give at least three (3) reasons for your selection.
 (10 marks)

Question 2

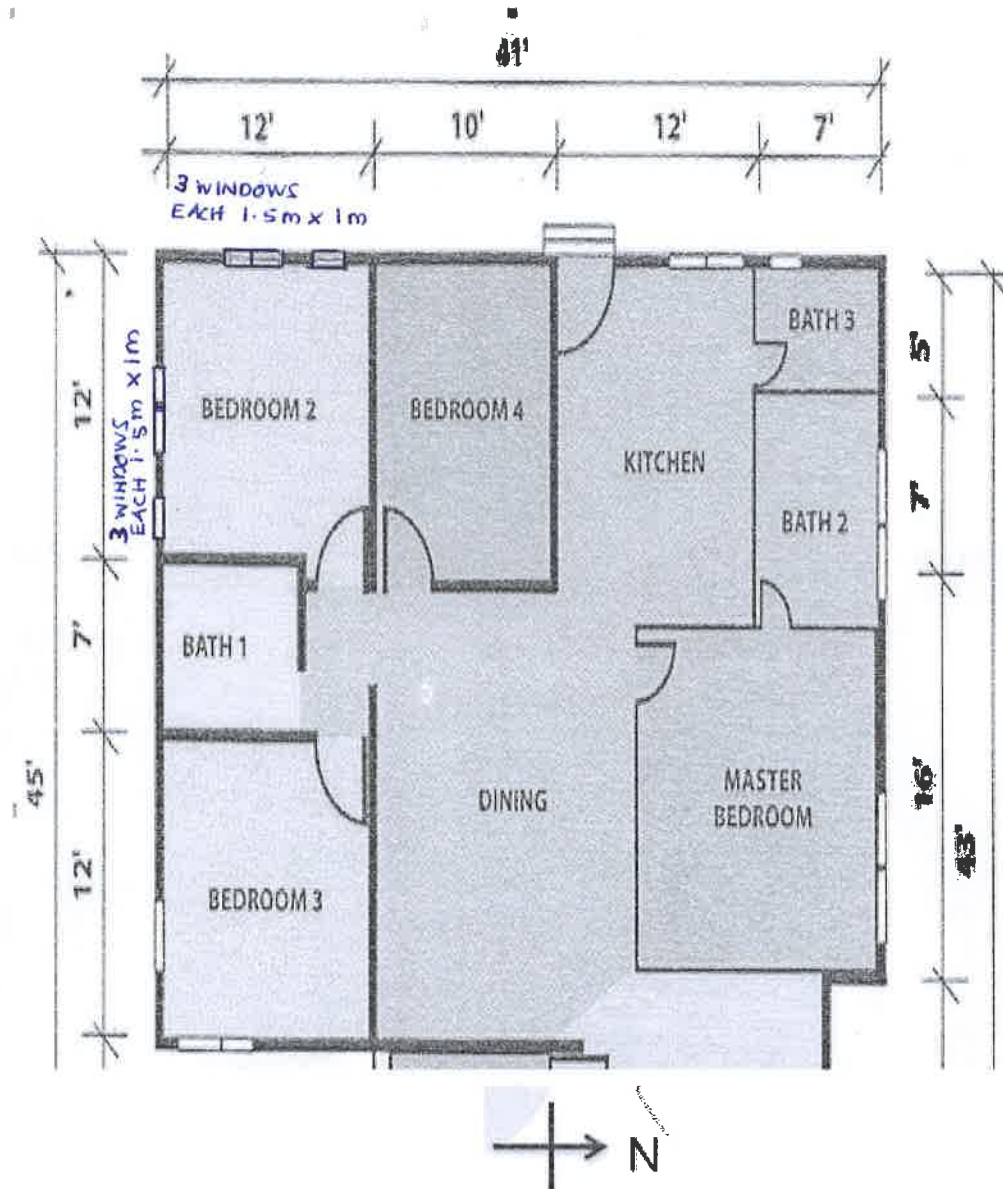


Figure Q2 (a): Single-Storey House

- (a) Referring figure Q2 (a), find the cooling load for Bedroom 2 employing the Daikin Method in Appendix 2. Given that the floor area of Bedroom 2 is 12 ft x 12 ft and its ceiling height is 10 ft.

Specification of construction:

- a) Building : Single-story House
 b) Outside wall : Medium construction (concrete block 150mm thickness)

- c) Window glass : Normal (6mm thickness) with blind
- d) Floor : Concrete with carpet place on the floor
- e) Ceiling : Only concrete
- f) Lights : Fluorescent lights (40w x 2 units)
- g) Persons : 2 (sitting on a chair)
- h) Area : Standard temperature
- i) Door : 1.2m x 2m
- j) Window : 1.5m x 1m

Assume that, Bedroom 4 is already cooled.

(15 marks)

- (b) By using the answer in Question 2(a) and the attached catalogue in Appendix 1, select the suitable unit to be installed at that area.

(5 marks)

Question 3

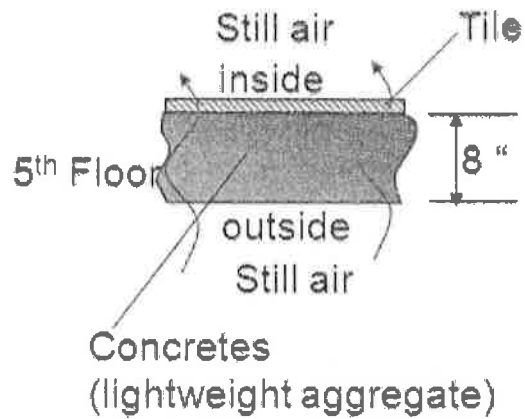


Figure Q3 (a): Heat Transfer in the Building

- (a) Referring Figure Q3 (a), calculate the Total Thermal Resistance ΣR in $\text{ft}^2 \cdot \text{hr} \cdot \text{F} / \text{Btu}$. Given that the surface emittance is 0.9.

(8 marks)

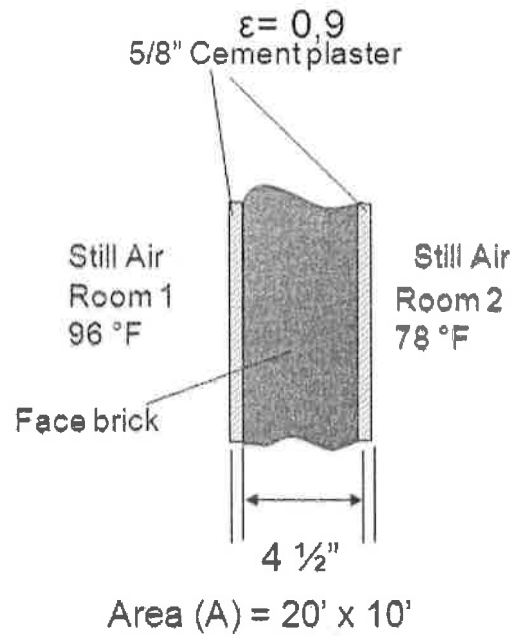


Figure Q3 (b): Heat Transfer thru Wall

(b) Referring Figure Q3 (b), determine:

- i. Total Thermal Resistance, ΣR in ft².hr.F/Btu (7 marks)
- ii. Overall heat transfer coefficient, U in Btu/ft².hr.F (2 marks)
- iii. Heat Loss, q in Btu/hr (3 marks)

SECTION B (Total: 40 marks)**INSTRUCTION: Answer only TWO questions.****Please use the answer booklet provided.****Question 4**

- (a) Determine solar azimuth at 16:30 on 21.02.2014 in Johor Bahru. Given that, the solar time, T_{sol} is 14:41:42.

(10 marks)

- (b) Determine the hourly instantaneous sensible load from the occupants in the conditioned space at 9 am, 10 am and 1pm. Knowing that the building is designed for office use and houses for 75 occupants from 8 am to 4 pm. For most occupied period, the occupants are expected to be seated and performing office work.

(10 marks)

Question 5

- (a) By using the below data, determine:

Building : Vertical, facing South West
Location : Bandar Baru Bangi, Malaysia.
Date : 21st October 2014
Solar Altitude : 36.16°
Wall Solar Azimuth : 29.93°

- i. Angle of Incidence, θ

(5 marks)

- ii. Direct Normal Radiation, G_{nd}

(5 marks)

- (b) Calculate the hourly instantaneous sensible load of the conditioned space (occupied from 8 am to 4 pm) due to the office equipment at 9 am, 12 pm and 1 pm. The heat gained from the office equipment is 6.0 W/ft^2 . The floor areas for this space are 3000 ft^2 .

(10 marks)

Question 6

- (a) Find the solar altitude at Kota Kinabalu on the 21st May 2014. The standard time is 14:30.

(10 marks)

- (b) Knowing that the heat gained from the office equipment is 5.0 W/ft^2 and the floor area for that space is 2500 ft^2 . Determine the hourly instantaneous sensible load of the conditioned space which occupied from 8 am to 4 pm due to the office equipment at 10 am, 1 pm and 3 pm.

(10 marks)

END OF QUESTION

Appendix 1 : Catalogue

Healthy Series Specifications

SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL	INDOOR UNIT		YWM 09G	YWM 10G	YWM 15G	YWM 20G		YWM 25G			
	OUTDOOR UNIT		YSL 09C	YSL 10C	YSL 15C	YSL 18C	YSL 20C	YSL 20C	YSL 25C		
TYPE	ESSENTIAL		YWM09G (Ess)	YWM10G (Ess)	YWM15G (Ess)	YWM20G (Ess)	YWM20G (Ess)	YWM25G (Ess)	YWM25G (Ess)		
	ION-AIR		YWM09G (ION)	YWM10G (ION)	YWM15G (ION)	YWM20G (ION)	YWM20G (ION)	YWM25G (ION)	YWM25G (ION)		
TOTAL COOLING CAPACITY		Btu/h	9000	10000	13000	18000	19500	21000	24000		
		W	2640	2830	3810	5275	5715	6155	7035		
TOTAL POWER		W	880	877	1160	1747	2001	2020	2730		
TOTAL CURRENT		A	3.88	3.7	5.09	7.73	8.9	8.92	13.18		
POWER SOURCE		V/Ph/Hz	220 - 240 / 1 / 50								
INDOOR UNIT	AIR FLOW		cm ³ /cm	7.79 / 275	8.78 / 310	9.77 / 345	14.44 / 510		18.41 / 650		
	DIMENSION	HEIGHT	mm	260		304					
		WIDTH	mm	799		899					
		DEPTH	mm	198		198					
	WEIGHT		kg	10		12		16			
	CONTROLLER TYPE		LCD REMOTE CONTROLLER								
	CONDENSATE DRAIN SIZE		mm	16			20				
	AIR FILTER	Essential	SARANET								
		ION-AIR	SARANET + ANTI MICROBIAL + TITANIUM OXIDE								
	AIR TREATMENT	Essential	NEGATIVE IONS								
ION-AIR		NEGATIVE IONS									
AIR FLOW		cm ³ /cm	18.4 / 650	24.4 / 860	27.5 / 970	34.0 / 1200	38.0 / 1340		42.5 / 1500		
DIMENSION	HEIGHT	mm	495		540		648		750		
	WIDTH	mm	600		700		855		855		
	DEPTH	mm	245		250		328		328		
WEIGHT		kg	28		32		57	59	62		
PIPE SIZE	TYPE		FLARE								
	SIZE	LIQUID	mm/in	6.35 / 1/4					9.52 / 3/8		
		GAS	mm/in	9.52 / 3/8		12.7 / 1/2		15.88 / 5/8			
REFRIGERANT TYPE & CONTROL		R22 / CAPILLARY TUBE (OUTDOOR)									

- All specifications are subjected to change by the manufacturer without prior notice.
- All units are being tested and comply to ARI 210 / 240.
- YWM 10G is ordered based on project basis only.

Appendix 2 : Daikin Table (Must be return with answer booklet)

						Date :	
Company :				Name of person			
Address :				in charge			
Name of room				Room area (W)		m ²	
Floor :				Room Volume : (Area)		m ³	
Items			A	Cooling			
				coef B	C = A x B	coef. f	Load Q = f X C
Wall faced to the outdoor			m ²			1	
			m ²				
			m ²				
			m ²				
			m ²				
Roof			m ²			1	
Window glass		AREA	m ²				
			m ²				
			m ²				
			m ²				
Partition			m ²				
		m ²					
		m ²					
Ceiling			m ²				
Floor			m ²				
Outdoor air	Invasion of outdoor air	Room Vol.	m ³			Area corr.1.0	
Heat generation in the room	Person	Number				1	
	Light	Electric light	kw	860		Rate of using	1
		Fluorescant light	kw	1000			1
	Electric apparatus		kw	860			1
				kw	860		
	SH	equipment		m ³ /h			
person			m ³ /h				
btu/h = kcal/hr x 3,97			Total cooling load (kcal/hr)				
							0,7
Total cooling load in btu/hr							

Appendix 3 : Formula:

- ✍ $1ft = 12inch$
- ✍ $1m = 3.28ft$
- ✍ $1hr = 15^\circ$
- ✍ $1^\circ = 60'$
- ✍ $R = 1/c \text{ or } \Delta x/k \text{ where } \Delta x = \text{thickness}$
- ✍ $U = 1/R \text{ or } 1/\sum R$
- ✍ $Q = UA \Delta T$
- ✍ $t_{sol} = t_{std} - (L_{std} - L_{loc}) 4min/^\circ + E_t$
- ✍ $H = t_{sol} - 12:00$
- ✍ $\sin \beta = \cos l \cos h \cos d + \sin l \sin d$
- ✍ $\cos \phi = (\sin \beta \sin l - \sin d) / (\cos \beta \cos l)$
- ✍ $\gamma = \phi \pm \psi$
- ✍ $\cos \theta = \cos \beta \cos \gamma \sin \alpha + \sin \beta \cos \alpha$
- ✍ $G_{ND} = A/e^{(B/\sin \beta)}$
- ✍ $G_D = G_{ND} \cos \theta$
- ✍ $G_R = G_{th} \rho F_{wg}$
- ✍ $F_{wg} = (1 - \cos \Sigma) / 2, \text{ where } \Sigma = 90 - \alpha \text{ (}\alpha = 0 \text{ for horizontal)}$
- ✍ $G_d = (C)(G_{ND})$
- ✍ $G_t = G_D + G_d + G_R \text{ or } G_t = G_D + G_d$
- ✍ $L_{std} = 120^\circ E$
- ✍ $Bangi = L_{loc} = 101^\circ 48'E, l = 2^\circ 56'N$
- ✍ $Pulau Pinang = L_{loc} = 100^\circ 38'E$
- ✍ $Johor Bahru = L_{loc} = 103^\circ 55'E, l = 1^\circ 28'N$
- ✍ $Kuching = L_{loc} = 110^\circ 19'E, l = 1^\circ 28'N$
- ✍ $Kota Bahru = L_{loc} = 102^\circ 15'E, l = 7^\circ 48'N$
- ✍ $Kota Kinabalu = L_{loc} = 116^\circ 05'E, l = 5^\circ 59'N$
- ✍ $Malacca = L_{loc} = 102^\circ 18'E$
- ✍ $Q_{wall} = U \times A \times CLTD \text{ corr}$
- ✍ $Q_{roof} = U \times A \times CLTD \text{ corr}$
- ✍ $CLTD \text{ corr} = (((CLTD + L_m) \times 5/9) \times K) + (25.5^\circ C - T_i) + (T_o - 29.4^\circ C)$
- ✍ $L_m = \text{Correction Latitude}$
- ✍ $K = \text{Correction of color, black} = 1, \text{light color} = 0.5$
- ✍ $T_i = \text{Inside temperature}$
- ✍ $^\circ F \text{ to } ^\circ K = \text{multiply by } 5/9$
- ✍ $\text{English to S.I unit (U value)} = \text{multiply by } 5.678 (W/m^2.K)/(Btu/hr.ft^2.F)$
- ✍ $T_o = \text{Outdoor Temperature} - (RH \times \text{Temperature Range})$
- ✍ $Q_{cond} = U \times A \times CLTD \text{ corr}$
- ✍ $CLTD \text{ corr} = (CLTD \times 5/9) + (25.5^\circ C - T_i) + (T_o - 29.4^\circ C)$
- ✍ $Q_{sol} = A \times SC \times SHGF \times CLF$
- ✍ $Q_{app} = A \times q_{appl} \times CLF$
- ✍ $Q_{light} = A \times q_{light} \times CLF$
- ✍ $Q_{occ} = \text{No. of Occupants} \times q_{occ} \times CLF$