SET B



UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR Malaysia France Institute

FINAL EXAMINATION JANUARY 2011 SESSION

SUBJECT CODE

FMB 10202

SUBJECT TITLE

DYNAMICS

LEVEL

BACHELOR

TIME / DURATION

2.00pm - 4.30pm

(2.5 HOURS)

DATE

03 MAY 2011

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.

- 1. Please read the instructions given in the question paper CAREFULLY.
- 2. This question paper is printed on both sides of the paper.
- 3. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.
- 4. Answer should be written in blue or black ink except for sketching, graphic and illustration.
- 5. This question paper consists of FIVE (5) questions. Answer FOUR (4) questions only.
- 6. Answer all questions in English ONLY.

THERE ARE 2 PAGES OF QUESTIONS, EXCLUDING THIS PAGE.

INSTRUCTION: Answer ANY four (4) questions.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

Question 1

- (a) Explain the fundamental differences between the following terms:
 - i. distance and displacement

(5 marks)

ii. speed and velocity

(5 marks)

- (b) An object moves in a linear path from rest to 100 km / hr in 25 s. It then slows down to a complete stop in 15 s.
 - i. Sketch the graph of velocity versus time for the object.

(5 marks)

ii. Determine the acceleration for the object in 25 s and 40 s of motion.

(5 marks)

iii. Calculate the displacement for the entire motion of the object.

(5 marks)

Question 2

(a) A particle moves along a vertical straight line with an acceleration $a = 2s^2$. When t = 4 s, its displacement is 44 m, and its velocity is 88 m / s. Determine the velocity and acceleration of the particle when t = 8 s.

(15 marks)

(b) A kite flying in the wind rises with a velocity of 10 m / s when it is cut loose. Assuming its height from the ground at the time of release is 100 m; find the time taken for the kite to reach half a kilometer above the ground.

(10 marks)

Question 3

(a) An object's path is $y = 25x^2$ with speed as a constant, and x and y in units of meters. Find the tangential component of acceleration for the object.

(10 marks)

(b) A particle's path is given by $7x^2$ with its velocity having a constant horizontal component of 100 m / s. The particle begins motion at the origin. Find (in terms of time), the components for acceleration, velocity and displacement.

(15 marks)

Question 4

A vehicle moves on a path given by the velocity vector of $v = (22t^2 i + 44t j - 88k) m / s$.

(a) After 10s have elapsed, find the coordinates of its position.

(8 marks)

(b) Calculate the equation of its path.

(8 marks)

(c) When t = 10s, calculate the projection of the velocity vector in the direction of the vector n = (2i + 4j + 6k).

(9 marks)

Question 5

(a) Define and explain the following terms: - energy, work, and power.

(12 marks)

(b) A 100 kg concrete block is dropped 100 m onto a spring-like mechanism, with a stiffness (modulus) value of 2 kN / cm. Find the speed of the block when the spring deforms 0.75 m and 1.25 m.

(13 marks)

END OF QUESTION