Journal Home Page: www.pharmascope.org/ijrps

ORIGINAL ARTICLE



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF RESEARCH IN PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

Published by JK Welfare & Pharmascope Foundation

Synthesis and Characterization of Mangiferin Loaded N,O-CMC Nanoparticles and its Cytotoxic Effect on Osteosarcoma MG-63 Cells

Puteri Zarith Sofea Yusri¹, Nurin Fatini Ghazali¹, Nurul Azima Mazlan¹, Pei Teng Lum¹, Aina Akmal Mohd Noor¹, Shankar Mani², Mahendran Sekar^{*1}

¹Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy and Health Sciences, Universiti Kuala Lumpur Royal College of Medicine Perak, Ipoh - 30450, Perak, Malaysia ²Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Sri Adichunchanagiri College of Pharmacy, Adichunchanagiri University, BG Nagara, Nagamangala, Mandya - 571418, Karnataka, India

Article History:	ABSTRACT Check for updates
Received on: 10 Jan 2020 Revised on: 14 Feb 2020 Accepted on: 16 Mar 2020 <i>Keywords:</i> Mangiferin, 3T3 cells, DPPH, MG-63 cells, N-O-CMC nanoparticles	Mangiferin is a xanthone glycoside, naturally isolated from <i>Mangifera indica</i> . Mangiferin has been reported for a wide range of pharmacological activities and its anticancer potential is very well known. However, the mangiferin anti-cancer potency is inadequate due to its poor water solubility. N,O-Carboxymethyl Chitosan (N,O-CMC) is a smart biopolymer, in which its biocompatible, biodegradable and non-toxic making it ideal for abundant biological applications include the delivery of lipid soluble drugs. Also useful to improve and replace biological tissues and gene therapy. Hence, this study attempts to synthesize and characterize mangiferin-N,O-CMC nanoparticles and evaluate its antioxidant and cytotoxic properties. The mangiferin-N,O-CMC nanoparticles were prepared by loading mangiferin into N,O-CMC nanoparticles and characterized by FT-IR, DLS, SEM, Zeta potential and XRD measurements. <i>In-vitro</i> antioxidant was carried out by the DPPH method. The cytotoxic effect of mangiferin-N,O-CMC nanoparticles was carried out on Osteosarcoma MG-63 and 3T3 cells by using MTT assay method. The synthesized mangiferin-N,O-CMC nanoparticles were confirmed by Zeta potential and found to be -45.8 mV. In the DPPH method, mangiferin-N,O-CMC nanoparticles showed IC ₅₀ value between 7.8-15.6 μ g/ml. In MTT assay, mangiferin-N,O-CMC nanoparticles exhibited a significant reduction in the growth of osteosarcoma MG-63 cells and there is no toxic effect against normal 3T3 cells. These findings designated that the synthesized mangiferin-N,O-CMC nanoparticles were very efficient nanocarrier in delivering the mangiferin to cancer cells.

*Corresponding Author

Name: Mahendran Sekar Phone: +60163346653 Email: mahendransekar@unikl.edu.my

ISSN: 0975-7538

DOI: https://doi.org/10.26452/ijrps.v11i2.2162

Production and Hosted by

Pharmascope.org © 2020 | All rights reserved.

INTRODUCTION

Mangiferin is a xanthone glycoside, mainly obtained from *Mangifera indica* and reported to possess many pharmacological effects that including antioxidant, analgesic, anti-inflammatory, antidiabetic, neuroprotective, hepatoprotective, cardioprotective and anticancer studies (Mahendran *et al.*, 2014; Sekar, 2015). Over the past few decades, mangiferin has been comprehensively studied concerning the anticancer properties. There are few evidences strongly supported that mangiferin has been used to prevent