

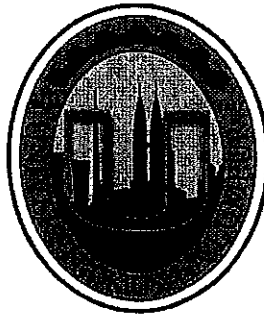
SET A

Student ID No: .....

Student Name: .....

Programme: .....

Group: .....



**UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR  
MALAYSIAN INSTITUTE OF INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY**

---

**FINAL EXAMINATION  
JANUARY 2016 SEMESTER**

---

**COURSE CODE : FUNDAMENTAL ENGLISH**  
**COURSE TITLE : WEB 10302**  
**PROGRAMME LEVEL : BACHELOR**  
**DATE : 18 MAY 2016**  
**TIME : 2.30 PM – 4.30 PM**  
**DURATION : 2 HOURS**

---

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

---

1. Read all the instructions in the question paper carefully.
  2. This question paper consists of THREE (3) sections: Section A, B and C.
  3. Answer all questions.
  4. Write all your answers in this question paper.
- 

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 15 PAGES EXCLUDING THE COVER PAGE.**

---

**SECTION A (Total: 40 marks)****Part 1 (10 marks)**

**INSTRUCTION:** Circle the answer that is closest to the meaning of the word in **BOLD** in each sentence.

1. Though Jamal was the true king, his uncle **usurped** the throne and was now ruling the land cruelly.
  - A. take over
  - B. make over
  - C. bring over
  - D. change over
  
2. The **magnanimous** magistrate released the young offender who had been caught stealing by saying, "Everybody has to eat," and slamming down his gavel.
  - A. suspicious
  - B. uncooperative
  - C. considerate
  - D. charitable
  
3. Anna did not want to go to the seminar. She wanted to study for the exam, but her mother nagged her so much that Anna finally **acquiesced** and agreed to go.
  - A. denied
  - B. disagreed
  - C. differed
  - D. accepted
  
4. The workers wrote an anonymous letter to their supervisor in which they expressed their **grievances**: long working hours, low pay, and dangerous working condition.
  - A. dissatisfactions
  - B. disagreement
  - C. comments
  - D. approvals

5. When Danial asked Julie to give him one reason why they should go to the festival, Julie **enumerated** a list long enough to silence Danial.
- A. guessed
  - B. detailed
  - C. expressed
  - D. itemised
6. Many politicians appear **sanctimonious** when they preach to people about the evils of corruptions, while they take bribes themselves.
- A. outgoing
  - B. pleasant
  - C. friendly
  - D. pious
7. Amelia didn't know that she had married to a **misogynist** who discriminated and abused her rights as a woman.
- A. pleasure seeker
  - B. women hater
  - C. funeral undertaker
  - D. map maker
8. Unlike his sister Johanna, who had a very calm and charming **disposition**, Jasman jumped on sofas and ran through the house treating it like an animal kingdom.
- A. profile
  - B. personality
  - C. construction
  - D. culture

9. Due to **scarcity** of food in her territory, the mother lioness had to roam far from safe ground to find a meal for her cub.
- A. enough
  - B. more
  - C. lack of
  - D. rare
10. When Kamal saw his report card, he was excited because he had all A's and an A- in Biology; but when his **fastidious** mother saw his report card, she shook her head in disappointment.
- A. fussy
  - B. tidy
  - C. careful
  - D. grumpy

**Part 2 (10 marks)**

**INSTRUCTION: CIRCLE the correct answer.**

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ trade of children should be strongly disapproved of by every nation and society.
- A. elicit
  - B. illicit
2. The new movie that has recently been released was not as I expected. The movie \_\_\_\_\_ was really deceiving.
- A. trailer
  - B. thriller
3. The down-turned economy has made many companies to \_\_\_\_\_ workers and some companies to shut down their operation.
- A. lay on
  - B. lay off

4. Gen-Y teenagers love to hang out at hipster cafés and drink coffee with friends. Hipster coffee shops are \_\_\_\_\_, they can easily be found anywhere these days.
- A. ubiquitous
  - B. rare
5. Killing innocent lives in wars is not acceptable and it is an unforgivable act. We should not \_\_\_\_\_ to this kind of violent act in any circumstances.
- A. confirm
  - B. conform
6. The Baba Nyonya of Malacca has a very unique culture. They \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese culture into Malay's.
- A. associate
  - B. assimilate
7. Many oil gas station owners are worried with the changing and unstable oil price as the global oil price is still in the state of \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. flux
  - B. mess
8. Even though Alice has physical disabilities, her classmates never neglect her and always include her in every class or group activities. We should not \_\_\_\_\_ anyone who is different.
- A. exclude
  - B. include
9. Aaron needs to \_\_\_\_\_ his pants immediately because the ceremony is going to start very soon.
- A. altar
  - B. alter

10. The Chairman of the company gave the \_\_\_\_\_ to give five-month bonus to all the employees who have worked tremendously hard last year.
- A. assent
  - B. ascend

**Part 3 (10 marks)**

**INSTRUCTION: Write the correct answer by adding appropriate affixes to the words in the brackets.**

1. For the past decade, media has reported that the \_\_\_\_\_ (proficient) of the English language amongst local graduates is declining.
2. However, it \_\_\_\_\_ (sad) the teaching community when people solely blame English teachers for the students' poor grasp of the language without much thought.
3. Undeniably, there are some teachers who are not yet competent in teaching the language but that does not \_\_\_\_\_ (title) one to criticise the whole teaching community.
4. Many English teachers who are committed, dedicated and \_\_\_\_\_ (passion) about bringing back the days when English language was spoken well are unfairly judged by the people.
5. Learning a non-native language is always challenging. Teachers should be able to give \_\_\_\_\_ (construct) criticisms as they can make a difference in their students' attempt to learn the language.
6. Studies have shown that peers play an important role in supporting English language learning. Laughing at or making fun of their friends' \_\_\_\_\_ (able) to use the language accurately or fluently will demotivate them.

7. In a survey conducted in the marine and maritime industry, companies are found to favour undergraduates who are able to practise both technical and soft skills during their \_\_\_\_\_ (intern).
8. In the effort to increase \_\_\_\_\_ (employ) and productivity of its undergraduates, UniKL has introduced GHOCS, a certification that highlights the undergraduates' performance in extra-curricular activities.
9. One of the community service activities that is proposed is 'Food for Love', with the aim to distribute free food to the \_\_\_\_\_ (home) around Kuala Lumpur.
10. Despite being listed as a developing nation by the World Economic Situation and Prospects (WESP) in 2014, Malaysia has lost many foreign investors due to its political and economic \_\_\_\_\_ (stable).

**Part 4 (10 marks)**

**INSTRUCTION:** Identify the verb errors in the following sentences. Write the errors and the correct answers in the columns provided. The first one has been done for you.

No.	Sentence	Error	Correct Answer
0.	Some people has a significant issue with not being able to disengage from their smartphones.	<b>has</b>	<b>have</b>
1.	He was quite amused when he hear what had happened.		
2.	The blind man crossing the busy road without any help two minutes ago.		
3.	The fire spread quickly and destroy three houses within minutes.		
4.	I hope you will kindly considered my application for a job in your company.		
5.	In my opinion, advertisements brings more harm than benefits.		
6.	Mrs Halimah has helped us with the assignment before she was transferred to another campus.		
7.	Teenagers without guidance can be easily influence by misled peers.		
8.	They were attended the seminar when news of the bombing went rife.		
9.	Madam Zuraidah want everyone to have a dictionary before the first class.		
10.	Syazwan has waiting for his mother since this morning.		

)  
)



**SECTION B (Total: 30 marks)**

**Part 1 (15 Marks)**

**INSTRUCTION:** Identify the following sentences as simple (S), compound (C) or complex (CX). Write your answers in the spaces provided.

0	Cats are good pets, for they are clean and are not noisy.	C
1	Evergreen trees are a symbol of fertility because they do not die in the winter.	
2	As she was bright and ambitious, she became a manager in no time.	
3	The company was very successful.	
4	There was no ice cream in the freezer, nor did they have money to go to the store.	
5	The professional, who had been thoroughly trained, was at a loss to explain.	
6	The manager and staff negotiated and compromised successfully.	
7	The actor was happy he got a part in a movie although the part was a small one.	
8	She did not cheat on the test, for it was not the right thing to do.	
9	Because my coffee was too cold, I heated it in the microwave.	
10	Should we start class now, or should we wait for everyone to get here?	
11	This company and its rival both offer competitive prices.	
12	I am counting my calories, yet I really want dessert.	

13	He ran out of money, so he had to stop buying cigarettes.	
14	The company plans to market the product overseas.	
15	The company has been profitable and is leading the market.	

**Part 2 (15 marks)**

**A. INSTRUCTION: Write compound sentences by combining the ideas in the following pairs of sentences using suitable conjunctions.**

1. A researcher said youths nowadays have less passion in pursuing higher education.  
It seems having their own business has become a new trend.

---



---

2. The heat wave is affecting many people throughout the nation.  
There are still a lot of outdoor activities going on.

---



---

3. New generation workers are not afraid to leave their jobs in a short notice.  
Employers must do something to make them stay.

---



---

4. Flipped classroom is a new learning method in rural areas.  
Both teachers and students need some time to adopt it in class.

---

---

5. A ruler is responsible for his citizens and country.  
A ruler can also be a measuring instrument.

---

---

6. A neighbouring soccer team has agreed to have a friendly match at 5.00pm.  
Even after 30 minutes past five, they are still not here.

---

---

7. Riots are taking place in a small town not far from Kuala Lumpur.  
Reporters are rushing there now.

---

---

8. Many parties are promoting modern-design resumes in the social media websites.  
Not all organizations are open-minded about them.

---

---

**B. INSTRUCTION: Write complex sentences by combining the ideas in the following pairs of sentences using suitable subordinating conjunctions.**

9. Students are practising day and night since last month.  
The Annual Student's Sport event will take place soon.

---

---

10. Briefings and proper trainings are still necessary for bungee jumping.  
You have jumped from a plane hundreds of times.

---

---

11. She has to go to the bookstore.  
She pays her bill at the post office.

---

---

12. Having a perfect service record for the past four years.  
The clutch still makes a weird, crackling sound.

---

---

13. Dubai government put vending machines that sell pure gold around the city centre.  
They believe both local residents and foreign tourists can afford them.

---

---

14. He is undergoing an operation.

His family is waiting outside the operation theatre.

---

---

15. The police came to the crime scene quickly.

They received a call from their command center.

---

---

**SECTION C (30 MARKS)**

**INSTRUCTION:** Read the article carefully and write a summary on the causes of conflict. Your summary should be in about 100 words.

**Behavioural Crisis in Apes and Children**

The evidence taken from the observation of the behavior of apes and children suggests that there are five clearly separable groups of simple causes for the outbreak of fighting and the exhibition of aggressiveness by individuals.

One of the most common causes of fighting among both children and apes was over the possession of external objects. The disputed ownership of any desired object - food, clothes, toys, females, and the affection of others - was sufficient ground for an appeal to force. On Monkey Hill disputes over females were responsible for the death of thirty out of thirty-three females. Two points are of particular interest to notice about these fights for possession. In the first place they are often carried to such an extreme that they end in the complete destruction of the objects of common desire. Toys are torn to pieces. Females are literally torn limb from limb. So overriding is the aggression once it has begun that it not only overflows all reasonable boundaries of selfishness but also utterly destroys the object for which the struggle began and even the self for whose advantage the struggle was undertaken.

Secondly, among children, one of the commonest causes of quarrelling was 'jealousy' - the desire for the exclusive possession of the interest and affection of someone else, particularly the adults in charge of the children. This form of behaviour is sometimes classified as a separate cause of conflict under the name of 'rivalry' or 'jealousy'. But, in fact, it seems to us that it is only one variety of possessiveness. The object of desire is not a material object - that is the only difference. The object is the interest and affection of other persons. What is wanted, however, is the exclusive right to that interest and affection - a property in emotions instead of in things. As subjective emotions and as causes of conflict, jealousy and rivalry are fundamentally similar to the desire for the uninterrupted possession of toys or food. Indeed, very often the persons, property which is desired, are the sources of toys and food.

Another cause of aggression closely allied to possessiveness is the tendency for children and apes to greatly resent the intrusion of a stranger into their group. A new child in the class may be laughed at, isolated, and disliked and even set upon and pinched and bullied. A new monkey may be poked and bitten to death. It is interesting to note that it is only strangeness within a similarity of species that is resented. Monkeys do not mind being joined by a goat or a rat. Children do not object when animals are introduced to the group. Indeed, such novelties are often welcomed. But when monkeys meet a new monkey or children a strange child, aggression often occurs. This suggests strongly that the reason for the aggression is fundamentally possessiveness.

Another factor of hostility among children and ape is power struggle disputes. This issue happens when they either want to be the first or are forced by other groups to play by their own rules. Research has proven that these two groups have the tendency to show off their dominance in controlling their peers or inmates. Adults can monitor this problem by ensuring the children that they will get their turn and at the same time, they need to track turn-takings to ensure that every child gets a turn fairly.

Finally, another common source of fighting among children is a failure or frustration in their own activity. A child will be prevented either by natural causes such as bad weather or illness or by the opposition of some adult from doing something he wishes to do at a given moment - sail his boat or ride the bicycle. The child may also frustrate itself by failing, through lack of skill or strength, to complete successfully some desired activity. Such a child will then in the ordinary sense become 'naughty.' He will be in a bad or surly temper. And, what is of interest from our point of view, the child will indulge in aggression - attacking and fighting other children or adults. Sometimes the object of aggression will simply be the cause of frustration, a straightforward reaction. The angry child will stamp the ground or box the ears of another child when neither the ground nor the child attacked is even remotely connected with the irritation or frustration.

(Adapted from *Personal Aggressiveness and War* by Durbin and Bowlby)

