



**UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR  
BUSINESS SCHOOL**

---

**FINAL EXAMINATION  
JULY 2025 SEMESTER**

---

**COURSE CODE** : EEB30803

**COURSE NAME** : MULTINATIONAL ENTERPRISE AND EMERGING  
MARKET

**PROGRAMME NAME** : BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (HONS)  
INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

**DATE** : 20 SEPTEMBER 2025

**TIME** : 9.00 AM – 12.00 PM

**DURATION** : 3 HOURS

---

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

---

1. Please **CAREFULLY** read the instructions given in the question paper.
  2. This question paper has information printed on both sides of the paper.
  3. This question paper consists of **ONE (1) section ONLY**.
  4. Answer **ALL** questions.
  5. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.
  6. All questions must be answered in **English** (any other language is not allowed).
  7. This question paper must not be removed from the examination hall.
- 

**THERE ARE TWO (2) PAGES OF QUESTIONS, EXCLUDING THIS PAGE.**

---

**INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL questions.**  
**Please use the answer booklet provided.**

**Question 1**

- a) What are the foundational principles of Internalization Theory in international business?  
Provide key theoretical contributions.

(10 marks)

- a) Using relevant examples, explain how Internalization Theory justifies the formation and growth of multinational enterprises.

(15 marks)

**Question 2**

Explain why multinational enterprises (MNEs) increasingly internalizing marketing activities such as customer relationship management (CRM) and global brand positioning are. Discuss the strategic benefits and risks involved.

(25 marks)

**Question 3**

Evaluate the impact of brand imitation and counterfeit goods on the global competitiveness of MNEs. How can companies protect themselves in emerging markets with weak intellectual property enforcement?

(25 marks)

**Question 4**

- a) Distinguish between centralized and decentralized global sourcing models in terms of decision-making, cost efficiency, and responsiveness.

(10marks)

- b) Which sourcing strategy is more resilient in managing supply chain disruptions in volatile environments? Justify with examples.

(15 marks)

END OF EXAMINATION PAPER