

UNIVERSITI KUALA LUMPUR MALAYSIAN INSTITUTE OF MARINE ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

FINAL EXAMINATION SEPTEMBER 2016 SEMESTER

COURSE CODE

: LEB40803

COURSE NAME

: SHIP ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

PROGRAMME NAME

(FOR MPU: PROGRAMME LEVEL)

: BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY IN

MARINE ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS

DATE

: 13TH JANUARY 2016

TIME

: 03.00 PM - 05.30 PM

DURATION

: 21/2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Please CAREFULLY read the instructions given in the question paper.
- 2. This question paper has information printed on both sides of the paper.
- 3. This question paper consists of TWO (2) sections; Section A and Section B.
- 4. Answer ALL questions in Section A. For Section B, answer ONLY THREE (3) questions.
- 5. Please write your answers on the answer booklet provided.
- 6. Answer all questions in English language ONLY.

THERE ARE 8 PAGES OF QUESTIONS, INCLUDING THIS PAGE.

SEPT 2016

PART A (Total: 40 marks)

INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL questions.
Please use the answer booklet provided.

Question 1 (CLO 1)

- a) General electrical maintenance can be classified into three categories (Breakdown maintenance, Planned maintenance and Condition monitoring).
 - i. Elaborate three (3) categories of electrical maintenance.

[3 marks]

ii. Explain two (2) disadvantages of breakdown maintenance.

[2 marks]

iii. Explain two (2) advantages of planned maintenance.

[2 marks]

b) Describe what happen when main power failure occurs.

[2 marks]

c) Analyze four (4) general techniques (Planning, Background knowledge, Diagnostic performance and Search strategy) used to solve the fault finding.

[8 marks]

d) Describe three (3) characteristics of a system to minimize the safety risk to personnel and equipment.

[3 marks]

Question 2 (CLO 3)

a)	Generator onboard ships regularly runs almost every day. Determine five (5) parameters to be monitored by ship staffs during its operation.
	[5 marks]
b)	Explain the power generation onboard ship.
	[6 marks]
c)	The sea water cooling system on a large generator is out of service due to a faulty inlet valve and the sea water cooling is unavailable for the generator. Explain how this will affect the generator operation.
	[4 marks]
d)	Determine what is the synchronous speed of a six (6)-pole motor supplied at 60 Hz.
	[2 marks]
e)	If a six (6)-pole motor is supplied at 60 Hz and runs with actual rotor speed 1140 rpm, calculate the rotor slip.

[3 marks]

PART B (Total: 60 marks)

INSTRUCTION: Answer only THREE (3) questions.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

Question 3 (CLO4)

Explain the causes of large current surge in open transition starters when going a) from the start to the run condition.

[6 marks]

- b) Define:
 - i. Line voltage
 - ii. Phase voltage

[4 marks]

Analyze the Figure 1 below regarding the principle of generator operation. c)

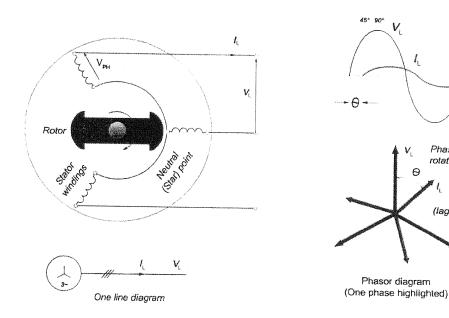


Figure 1

[10 marks]

Phasor rotation

(lags by Θ)

Question 4 (CLO 2)

a) A 10 motor operates from a 220 V insulated system. The supply cables have a total impedance of 0.01 Ω . Determine the value of current flow through the circuit in each following case:

i. An open-circuit fault

[3 marks]

ii. An earth fault, and

[3 marks]

iii. A short-circuit

[3 marks]

b) Determine the ohmic value of a neutral earthing resistor (NER) to limit the earth fault current to the full load rating of a 2 MW, 0.8 pf, 3.3 kV, three-phase AC generator?

[5 marks]

c) Determine the indication of clampmeter if it clipped around a 3 core cable that is known to be carrying 100AC to a motor.

[3 marks]

d) State THREE (3) reasons why protection equipment is essential in an electric distribution system.

[3 marks]

Question 5 (CLO3, CLO4)

A brushless excitation scheme with AVR is shown in **Figure 2**. Rectification of the AC exciter voltage is achieved by six shaft-mounted silicon diodes that form a three-phase rotating rectifier.

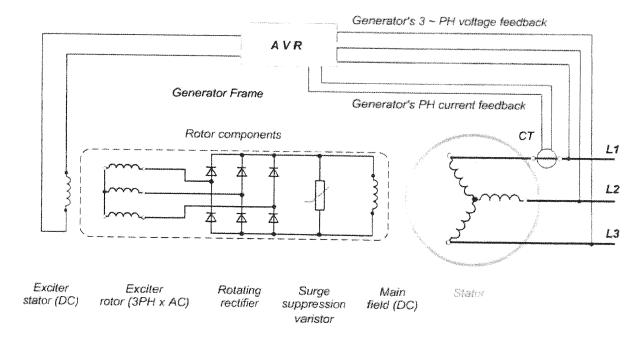


Figure 2 : Brushless Exicitation Scheme with Automatic Voltage Regulator (AVR)

a) Diagnose what is likely to happen if one of the rotating diodes fails and becomes

i. an open circuit (3 marks)

ii. a short-circuit (3 marks)

- b) Identify three (3) factors govern the overall voltage response of a generator to sudden (transient) load changes. (3 marks)
- c) **Sketch and Explain** the principle of Automatic Voltage Regulation operation. (8 marks)
- d) Discuss the precaution must be taken when testing the insulation of generator cables and wiring connected to an AVR unit .
 (3 marks)

Question 6 (CLO 5)

As the demand for electrical power increases on ships particularly passenger ferries, cruise liners, specialist offshore vessel and platforms, the supply current rating becomes too high at 440 V. The Figure 3 had shown the HV Propulsion Power System on modern ships. Describe and explain the overall operation of this propulsion system.

[9 marks]

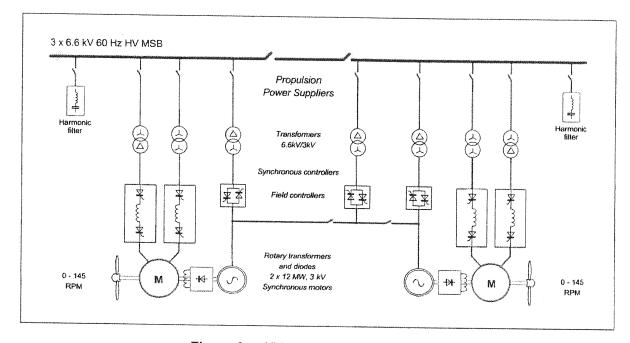


Figure 3: HV Propulsion Power System

b) A three- phase 6 MW ship's load supplied by 3 X 2MW, 0.8 pf diesel generator units requires the switchboard fault level current to be about 90kA. Determine a full-load current (FLC) that can be handle by each generator, circuit breaker and system cabling by these following systems:

i. 440 V System

[2 marks]

ii. 6.6 KV System

[2 marks]

iii. Analyze the value of full-load current (FLC) for both systems

[2 marks]

c) Sketch and label the following three phase transformer.

i. Wye-Delta connection

[1 marks]

ii. Delta-Wye connection

[1 marks]

d) Maintenance need to be carried out on the electrical equipment/system. Describe how you carry out maintenance on the three phase transformer.

[3 marks]

END OF QUESTION PAPER